The Future is Now for "Real World" Remote Sensing!



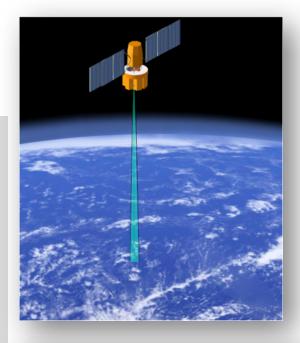


Hager Environmental & Atmospheric Technologies HEAT



Genesis of HEAT's Technology: EDAR

- HEAT's Remote Sensing Technology named EDAR is based on NASA's ASCENDS Satellite's platform
- Dr. Stewart Hager, EDAR's inventor, worked with NASA Langley in the development of the ASCENDS Satellite
- Most recently, NASA recognized EDAR as one of their SPINOFF Technologies in their journal published in January 2017
- EDAR began in 2009 and was commercialized then introduced to the North American Market in 2014







What is EDAR?

EDAR system includes:

- · License plate Recognition Camera
- Speed & Acceleration Detector
- Laser Remote Sensing of Vehicle Exhaust

Emission **D**etection **A**nd **R**eporting





Remote sensing: detects real world emissions



Measures & quantifies CO2, CO, NO, NO2, HC and PM_{2.5}

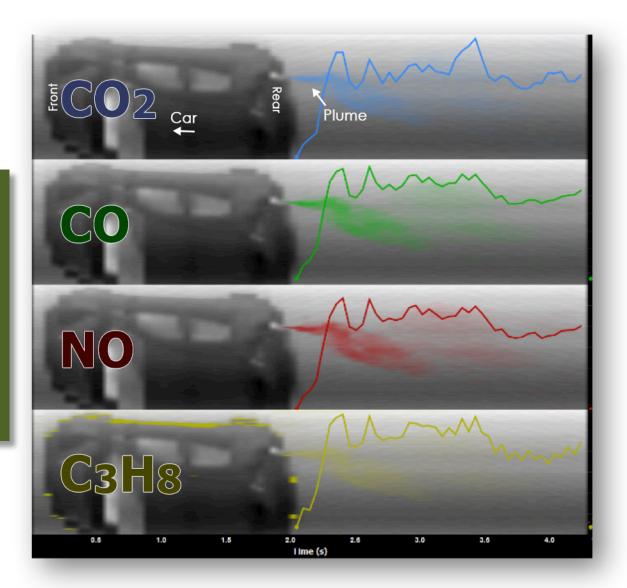


Remote sensing monitors 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year unmanned



Pollution of Vehicles is No Longer Invisible

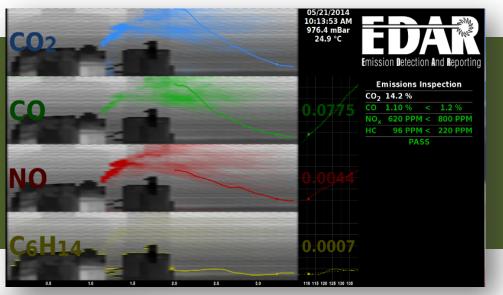
Remote Sensing
Technologies can
Detect all Vehicles
on Road and Image
the Plume in Real
Time as Vehicles
Drive Under Normal
Driving Conditions

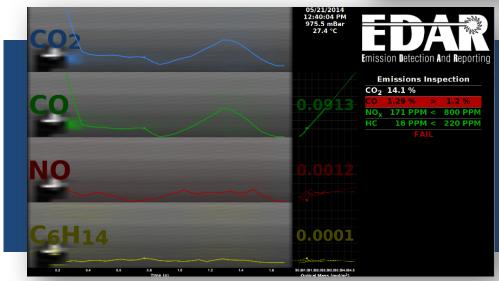




Trucks and Motorcycles

Image of a Truck Pulling a Trailer



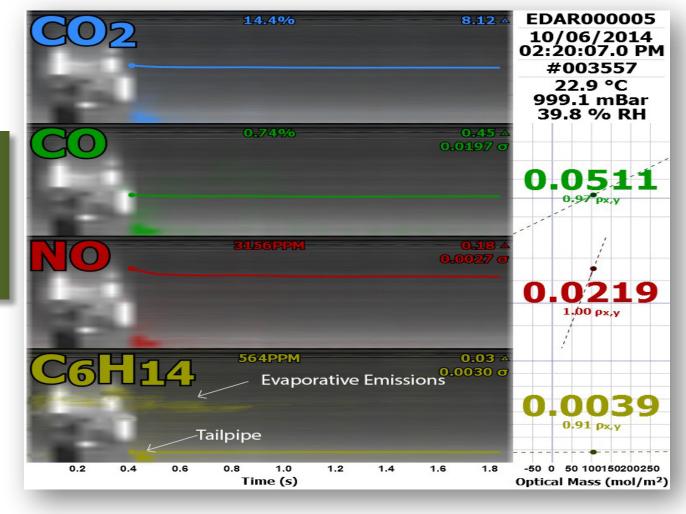


Two Dimensional Image of a Motorcycle



Remote Sensing Can Also Detect Leaks such as Evaporative Emissions in Real Time

Evaporative
emissions coming out
of a moving vehicle
captured by EDAR
shown by the 2D
image of the plume.





Remote Sensing Capabilities

Continuous Monitoring with Remote Sensing Allows for:



- Identification of:
 - anomalies in the fleet
 - vehicles that have disconnected their diesel particulate filters (DPF) or let their Ad Blue run out
 - broken emissions systems on classes of vehicles in real time
- Detection of:
 - Defeat Devices
 - leaks from other sources on the vehicle such as a faulty gas cap or a leak in the emission system
- Enforcing positive behavioral change on road



Recent Remote Sensing Studies Show Unique Trends



- Recent Studies using Remote Sensing Showed Pattern failures for High NOx Emitters Seen Repeatedly in Various Vehicle Makes
 - In these cases, it was concluded that similar vehicle makes shared the same engine and emissions control platforms.



Remote Sensing Pilot: EDAR in Scotland



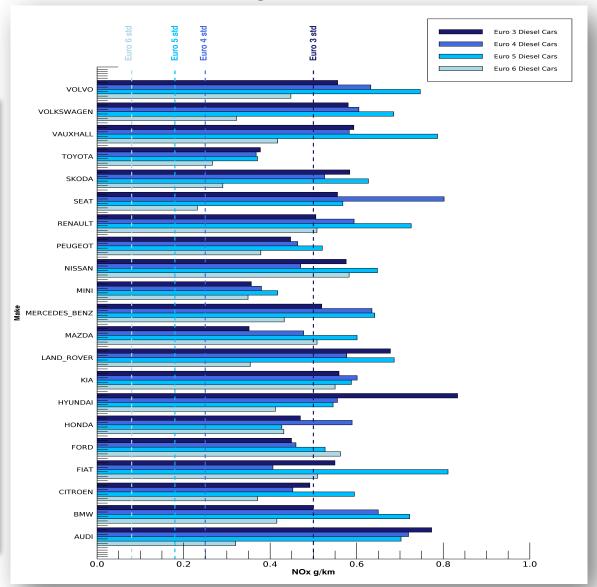
- Remote Sensing Pilot to
 Access the Fleet in Edinburgh,
 Broxburn and North
 Lanarkshire
- EDAR detected over 140,000valid vehicle measurements in 26 days



NOx Emissions by Make and Euro Class as Seen in Scotland by RSD

Interesting Findings:

- that had at least 600 types of diesel vehicles on road as seen in this pilot
- All Euro 6 vehicles
 in this pilot failed
 the EU Euro 6
 Standards and in
 most cases did not
 even meet the
 Euro 4 Standards





Today's Options of Technologies for On-Road Real World Driving Emissions

Portable Emissions Monitoring System (PEMS)

- Tests only 1 car at a time
- Needs experienced and well trained operator
- Expensive on a per test basis
- Vehicle can Detect when it is being monitored



Remote Sensing

- Tests millions of vehicles
- Unmanned
- Inexpensive on a per test basis
- Vehicle can not detect it is being monitored





Remote Sensing Can be Utilized to Allow for Valid Clean Air Zones and Positive Behavioural Change





Continuous Monitoring: Enforces positive behavioral change on road



Remote Sensing Allows for:

- Vehicle Classification
- Anomalies in the Fleet
- Governments to make Policy Decisions Based on Real World Data



Create a smart high-tech zones that will improve air quality worldwide



One Last Point to Ponder: Now Vehicle Pollution is Visible

